

Ab initio calculations of quantum emitters

Available as B.Sc. or M.Sc. project or as special course

Background:

The section for atomic-scale materials design (CAMD) at DTU-Physics develops and applies *ab initio* electronic structure calculations to discover new materials for **quantum technology and green energy**. *Ab initio* calculations solve the quantum many-body problem of electrons in a solid, and thereby can predict physical properties of real materials with an accuracy comparable to experiments without any free parameters using the atom structure of the material as input.

Ab initio calculations are used extensively both in academia and in the industry to model materials and molecules for various types of applications.

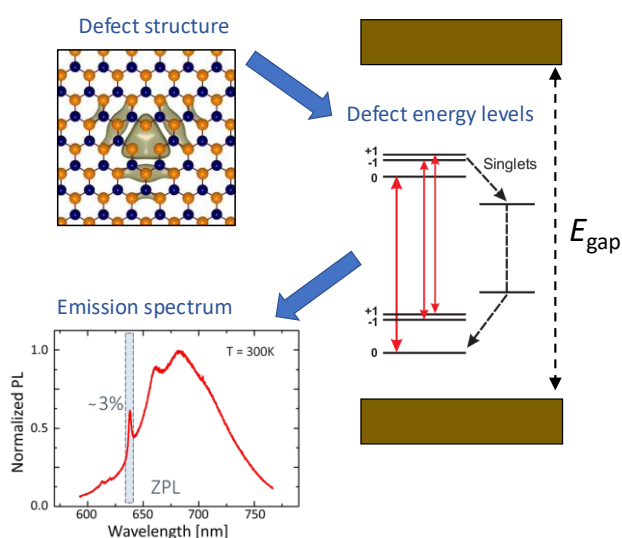
The CAMD section develops an in-house Python electronic structure code GPAW, which will be used in this project.

GPAW documentation: <https://gpaw.readthedocs.io>

GPAW review article: <https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0182685>

Project description:

You will use *ab initio* calculations to model single-photon quantum emitters based on crystal point defects (like the NV center in diamond) or based on single organic molecules immobilized on a surface. Once familiar with the computational methodology you will explore novel types of emitters and quantify their potential as sources of indistinguishable single photons. The goal is to identify emitters with optimal properties including narrow emission lines in the telecom frequency range and high degree of coherence.



Skills and knowledge acquired:

Atomic-scale materials simulations ; single-photon emitters ; running large-scale simulations on a supercomputer ; Python programming.

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GoogleScholar: <https://scholar.google.dk/citations?user=NxOTQRcAAAAJ&hl=da>